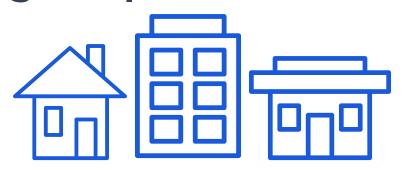
GLASGOW: A CHANGING CITY SOCIAL CAPITAL AND COMMUNITY

Key stats

92%

of adults in Glasgow said their neighbourhood was a good place to live





More people in higher income neighbourhoods feel people 'look out for each other' compared to the most deprived areas

Only 20%

of Glaswegian adults felt they could influence decisions in their local authority



Covid-19 impact



Many people have felt cut off, socially isolated and lonely during the pandemic

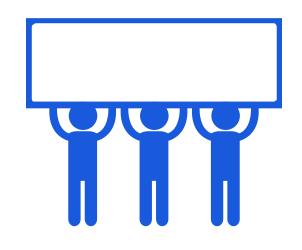
We have relied far more on the internet to connect with others and to access services





25% of UK adults do not use the internet, have limited access or lack digital skills, creating a digital deficit

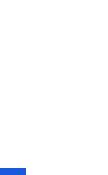
The pandemic brought some people and communities together and many people have helped others through formal and informal volunteering



There have also been strong demonstrations of community solidarity and engagement on specific issues

Our recommendations.

We should build on the solidarity and community cohesion shown during the pandemic to enhance and build greater cohesion and trust within communities



Government needs to tackle the digital deficit by ensuring there is:

comprehensive and affordable access to digital technology

alternative provision of services for people who face difficulties using digital media

It is crucial to continually monitor and report on both longstanding inequalities and emerging trends to inform population health debate, policy choices and service planning

· Search 'changing city 2021' at www.gcph.co.uk · ·